BATTLE OPENED.

RST TOWN IN THE CRUSADE AGAINST THE MORTH JERSEY STREET RAILWAY

Town Council Adopts a Resolud Appoints a Committee to With Other Towns Along eld Avenue in a Move to Meottor Car Service—The Board Also Takes a Hand in the

The Sown Council took important nday night in the fight that is be made against the North Jersey rest Ballway Company to compel las exporation to better the transporstice parvice on its Bloomfield Avenue Contan John R. Contan troduced the following resolution:

Be it secoived. That the Chairman of e Torn Council be directed to appoint se consisting of two Council. en to set in conjunction with similar es done the line of the North Jersey treet sitway Company on Biografield treet sliway Company on Biocraticid avenue, with a view to securing better ravelling facilities for the public on all company's line; and infurther esolved, that a certified con of this esolution be presented to all the number slittles interested both is matter, ogether with the name of the Councilian was may be appointed to said committee.

In accordance with the provision of the resolution, Calrman Peterson appoints the remains Committee of the Caraca Mesers Moore and Conian, a special completes to act for this town in the matter. Mr. Conlan says that goingto be a vigorous one, and that here win be no let-up until the fallway company furnishes a service the meet the requirements of the patrons of the Bloomfield Avenue line.

The Board of Trade at its meeting Wednesday night also took a hand in the street rallway matter and instructed its sommittee on railroad interests. consisting of Theodore H. Ward, David Oakes, Matthew McCroddan, Harry E. Blobards, and Alfred H. Edgerley to act with the committee appointed by the Town Council. The inefficient street rallway service was brought up at the Board of Trade meeting by James H. Moore, who spoke of the incompenses and discomforts now coffeed by the patrons of the trolley care. Mr. Moore said that if the present mate of the service was accepted without complaint, it would simply go from bad to worse. "Couldn't be Interlected Chairman Mc-

Conian in response to an made a statement telling of the taken by the Town Council, and med the co-operation of the Board of Took with the Council in the fight for a latter street railway service.

R. Maxfleid asked to be d under what clauses in the liway franchise it was possible a successful attack against the ersey Street Railway Company. field enumerated a few of the plences now suffered by the nd asked if any of these could as evidence to demonstrate company was violating the Ite franchise.

Lawrence, who was a member Town Committee when the was granted, said it was a long and be could not recall its visions, but there was no all but the requirements of les were not being compiled

> e H. Ward, Chairman of the Committee on Railroad Intermeeted that Secretary Quinn be to communicate to the Town the action taken by the Board a in order that the Council may derstand that the action taken of the entire Board, and not work of a sub committee.

ordinance granting a franchise to eez Cross Rallway Company its second reading A We meetthe Irvingto Town Council or night. I we mended in tause of the ordinance forty tickets good within tow limits only will be sold dollar. The fare from Irvington pfield is to be five cents. It is ted that the ordinance will pass eding at the next meeting of the

Still Conferring. clais of the East Orange City Chunnd the Orange Water Company are conferring over the water supply tion. It is said that the water pany will not sign a contract unless city agrees to take over the com-'s plant at the price fixed by the missioners.

d children of Canton who could be kept from letting fall their

Question of Policy:

The change made in the form of local government by the adoption of the Town Act necessitated a number of changes in the methods of procedure in the carry. tag out of the functions of government. Some of the workings of the Town Law relative to the carrying out of certain public improvements are not yet a familiar subject among the citizens in general, and even with some in official authority.

One of the important changes that followed the change of government is at present a matter of official discussion and of public concern. This is the matter of opening new streets. Under the old Township Law a petition had tobe presented to the County Court for the opening of a new street in cases where two or more properties were conserned, and Surveyors of Highways ware desig-nated by the court to attend to all the legal detail in connection with the

formal opening of a treet.

Under the Town and the Town Council and not the County Court is the body petitioned for the opening of a street, and the Load of assessors take charge of that pair of the work formerly attended to by the Surveyors of Elich. tended to by the Surveyors of Highways. The same method of procedure applies in the laying of a sewer in a street, or in the macadamizing, curbing and flagging of a street. The law allows benefited property ten years in which to pay an assessment levied for begefits resulting from improvements.

It is optional with the Council to grant or reject petitions for improvemente If a petition is granted it is referred to the Board of Assessors to make an estimate of the cost of the work, and public notice is given of an intention to carry out the work, and all property. owners affected by the proposed improvement and opposed to it are notified to present their objections. All the legal preliminaries being compiled with, the Council awards contracts and the cost of the work is defrayed by the issuing of improvement indebtedness certificates, which after the work is accepted are redeemed by the proceeds from street improvement bonds issued after the work is accepted or completed, and the Board of Assessors assess the cost of the work on the property in the street lu which an improvement has

been made. By some people this system of carry ing out street improvements is regarded as highly advantageous. It gives encouragement to enterprising people to open up and develop property, and the post is charged directly to the property benefited and is not a general tax. On the other hand, some people' disapprove of the plan and regard it as conductve to the schemes of speculators, and believe it results in placing the town under a heavy financial obligation pending the payment of the assessments levied.

Several streets have now been im proved under the regulations prescribed by the Town Act and the town is now carrying-romewhere around \$12,000 of improvement certificates. That the town is carrying this obligation is not much the fault of the law as it is the fault of the officials in applying it.

A brief statement of the status of peveral streets which have been improved under the Town Act will afford some idea as to the merite and demerite of the system. Osborn Street was the Bret street opened, extended and widmed under the provisions of the Town Act. The cost of the improvement was shout \$950, and with the exception of 614 35 the assessment levied by the Board of Assessors was promptly paid se soon as the bilis were sent out. In the case of Osborn Street there is no question but what an improvement of general benefit to the town was secured. and the tax ratables along the street were considerably increased as a result of the improvement.

Charles Street in the Third Ward was the next street opened and widened ender the Town Act, and the cost of the Improvement was about \$1,000, and the essessment with one exception of \$100 bee all been pald and was paid promptly after the bills were sent out. The improvement of the street resulted in several transfers of property and the erection of two new houses and an increase of fifty per cent, in the total amoun' of tax ratables in the street. The Essex Avenue sewer was the

Our country is united to-day in ad-

third improvement made under the provisions of the Town Act. This street being partly in Gien Ridge, only half the cost applied to town property. In the case of this sewer a clause was inserted in the contract fixing the time of acceptance of the sewer at one year after the date of its completion; consequently no bills have yet been sent out to the property-owners. There is every reason to believe that the assessment will be promptly paid as soon as the bills are sent out, and it is the town's own fault that the obligation is still outstanding. One year is too long a period to walt for the formal acceptance of work of this kind. The cost of the Bloomfield half of Essex Avenue sewer was \$750.

The Morton Street sewer, which cost \$1,050, has been completed some time, but no bills have been sent out to the property-owners vet Some difficulty has been experienced in ascertaining the names of some of the owners of property, and the delay in getting the bills out is no fault of the law.

The Linden Avenue improvement, which cost \$3,200, was of a different character than others above mentioned, but was carried out under the law. In this street cobble gutters, curbing, and flagstone was laid, and a one-year acceptance clause was also inserted in this contract. There has been an unexplainable delay on the part of the Council to dealing with the Linden Avenue case and as a consequence no bills have been sent out. Other streets now in progress of improvement under the Town Act are Walnut Street extension, Jerome Place, Delaware Avenue, and a sewer in Charles Street. In the case of the latter street the opening and widening of it made it possible to put a sewer there which will result in great sanitary benefit to that locality. A petition is now before the Council for the opening and widening of Weaver

Avenue and Cedar Street. It is evident that all the improvements thus far made and asked for under the system provided for in the town act have been of a beneficial character, and while some real estate speculators may have derived some direct benefit, the town has derived a greater general benefit in the improved appearance of streets and in improved sanitary conditions, and by an increase lo tax ratables. The fact that the town is carrying a large obligation in the way of assessments that are unprovided for as vet is no fault of the system. It is rather due to a failure of the Council to thoroughly appreciate the workings

of the system. One great advantage of this system is that these improvements, if the system is properly suforced, do not become a general tax, but are paid for wholly by the property benefited. Unnecessary delay on the part of the Council'in or outily getting the machinerr of the system in working order when an improvement is petitioned for may be a source of some exita expense to the people destring the largeovement.

The Town Act provides a system of making improvements that is intended to encourage enterprise in that direction, and as all improvements tend to increased taxable valuations and increas revenue, it is obvious that the system is right in line with the greatest need of the town. The greatest advantage of the system is the comparatively easy provision it makes for the payment of the cost of improvements. It has been proposed in the Council to put a check on this feature of the system by compelling petitioners for improvements to advance from fifty to seventy-five per cent, of the cost of the work in

To enforce such a rule would simply result in the implication that the policy of the Council was to deter and discourage improvement and such an impression spread abroad would work injury to the town. Thus far, the only objection raised against the Town Act system of improvements has been raised in the Town Council, and it is to the effect that too large an amount of unpaid assessments are not adequately provided for. The reason that they are not provided for is the fault of the Council Iteelf.

Instead of discouraging the recourse of property owners to the use of the Town Act improvement system, the Council should encourage it, particularly in the matter of sidewalks, curbs. and gutters. Many thickly populated streets in the town are sorely in need of such things, and the Town Act provides an easy method of getting them, and that fact should be impressed upon the people and they should be urged to take advantage of the opportunity rather than be hampered and discouraged.

UNPAID ASSESSMENTS

Lead to an Animated Disensaton in the Town Council Bession-Councliman Walker Opposes the Weaver Avenue and Cedar Street Petitions-Views of Several Conneilmen on the Subject.

The Board of Assessors submitted their report of the estimate of the cost of the opening and widening and extending of Weaver Avenue and Oedar Street at the Town Council meeting Monday night. The report showed the amounts of damages and benefits allowed the property-owners along the street

Councilman Conlan moved to accept the report, and a general discussion of the subject of street improvement under the Town Act system followed.

Councilman Walker opposed accepting the report on the ground that the town was now carrying obligations to the amount of \$12,000, representing money laid out in improvements, and none of which had been collected. Mr. Walker reiterated the views he had expressed on this same subject at a previous meeting, and advised a tall until out-standing obligations were aid.

Councilman Farrand said that he partly concurred with M. Walker in his views on the mater topening New Street. Mr. Farmon said that in his business travels through the country he had an opportunity to examine into the workings of other municipalities. and he found that Bloomfield was alone in this method of improving streets. He was on he of nion that petitioners for improvements ought to advance from fifty to swenty-five per cent, of the cost of sequence dimprovements.

Mr. Conlan, in reply to Mr. Walker's

statement that the Council was going to make change in the amount of money to be deposited with a petition for improvements, said he was under the impression that any change that tower, in which is suspended a 2,000 was made was to apply to future streets, and not to any of those now under consideration by the Council. Mr. Conlan pointed out that much of the preliminary work had been done in the case of the Weaver Avenue and Cedar Street petitions.

Councilman Harrison spoke in favor of disposing of the current obligations outstanding before assuming any more Farrand was not, however, disposed to

that all petitions for improvements and if it came to that he would advocate should be viewed from the standpoint the calling of the citizens together to of general benefit to the town as well give expression to their scutiments on as the individual property-owner. If the subject. an improvement effected a material Mr. Moore desired that the Fire Comincrease in the tax ratables, it was mittee make a thorough investigation of good business policy on the part of the the matter of fire headquarters and retown to carry it out.

apply to the petition in which he was for alleged breach of faith with him and other petitioners. Mr. King pointed out the large increase in taxable valuations that would follow the requested improvement. In anticipation of it he was building three new houses on the property affected, and several others among the petitioners took exception to some of Mr. King's implications about unfair business dealing on the part of the Councilmen. Seymour P Gilbert, Clerk of the Board of Assessors, who is probably the best posted man to the town on the subject of the street improvements carried out under the provisions of the Town Act, at the request of Councilman Moore took part in the discussion. Mr. Glibert pointed out that the outstanding indebtedness incurred for the opening of new streets in several instances could not be collected because no bills could be sent out until the Council has performed its part of the proceedings in connection with the

improvements. In the matter of the Weaver Avenue improvement Mr. Farrand asked that action be delayed until he could make some inquiry among the people affected by it as to the desirability of the improvement. Mr. Contan withdrew his motion of acceptance in favor of a motion by Mr. Farrand that the matter be faid over until next meeting.

Mr. Walker wants a new sub-committee created that shall take in hand these street improvement petitions, and shall report to the Council all the details in connection with each one of them, particularly the terms of any contracts made in connection with them Mr. Walker expressed great surprise to find that a clause had been inserted in some of the contracts fixing an entire year between the completion of a contract and the acceptance of the work by the Council.

FIRE HOUSES

AGAIN A SUBJECT OF DISCUSSION BY THE TOWN COUNCIL.

Fire Committee Directed to Investigate and Report on Several Propositions Relative to Better Headquarters for the Fire Companies-Councilmen Disposed to Avoid a Bond Issue and Prefer Other Arrangements.

Councilman Unanget, Chairman of the Fire Committee, again addressed the Town Council Monday night on the subect of headquarters for the fire companies. Mr. Unanget described to the Council in particular the condition of the headquarters of Essex Hook and Ladder Company No. 1, Phienix Lose Company No. 1 and Active Hose Company No. 2. All these houses have leaky roofs, and while one or two coal were burned in each place. I le impossible to keep them warm.

Mr. Unanget said that h point of service this town had as good volunteer fire department as any town in the State, but it was discouraging and demoralizing to the companies to be housed

in untenantable building.

He also spoke of the deplorable transportation service on the fire apparatus, and he described a recent scene on Glenwood Avenue when men and boys tried to push horse and hose wagon to a fire. Mr. Unanget's opinion was that the only proper poutlo of the trouble was the issuing a bonds for a sum sufficient to erect public buildings, in one of which the town police department could be located, and also the town offices, for which the latter was paying \$1,000 per

Mr. Unanget expressed bimself as strongly opposed to any further renting of buildings for fire or any other public purposes. He also said that the firepound bell, was in a dangerous condition, and that he would not be surprised if it fell during a heavy wind storm.

Mr. Farrand, also of the Fire Committee, said that he had not had the same opportunity as his colleague in examining into the state of the fire houses, but he had no doubt at all that the circumstances were as stated. Mr. favor an issue of bonds at the present Councilman Moore was of the opinion time for the construction of fire houses,

port to the Council the advantages, if Hugh D. King, one of the petitioners any, of building new houses from the for the Weaver Avenue and Cedar Street proceeds of an issue of bonds, the cost improvement, asked permission to of putting the present fire nouses in address the Council on the subject proper shape, and also ascertain if any under discussion. Mr. King spoke individuals were ready to erect buildprincipally against any change in the ings that could be used for the houses amount of money required as a deposit and rent them to the town, and on what and appeared to be under the imprest terms such enterprises would be undersion that the proposed change was to taken. Mr. Moore desired it understood that he was not committing himself to interested, and he scored the Council any bonding scheme, or advocating such. What he wanted was information from which the Council could judge of the comparative cost and advantages of any one plan over another.

Mr. Conian said that, in addition to the cost of buildings, the Fire Committee in its report should also include the cost of maintenance of the department. proposed, he said, to build. Mr. Moore Tue matter of horse hire, he said, was an important item, and should be given consideration. Mr. Coulan recalled a proposition made at one time by Thomas H. Decker, the livery stable man, to put up a building that would accommodate the Truck Company and Phoenix Hose Company and lease the building to the town. He suggested that Mr. Decker be consulted in regard to the matter.

and "Rally Bound the Flag."

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